Central Asia

Directions: Summarizing  Read this section in your textbook to fill in the blanks below.

(1) ________ is the largest of the Central Asian Republics. It is rich in (2) ________. It is independent but has not adopted (3) ________.

To the south lies (4) ________. Its major crop is (5) ________. Most of Turkmenistan is part of a large desert called the (6) ________, but the country contains abundant (7) ________ and natural gas. Kyrgyzstan is largely (8) ________. It has little (9) ________. Fertile mountain valleys are found in (10) ________.

The Caucasus Republics generally have a (11) ________ climate, which supports (12) ________. The northernmost republic is (13) ________. Its mountains hold many (14) ________, and rivers provide (15) ________ power to its industries.

(16) ________ sits on top of many faults and experiences many serious (17) ________. It continues to have a land dispute with (18) ________.

Azerbaijan has a (19) ________ economy. Farmers grow grain, cotton, and (20) ________. Oil and natural gas deposits under the (21) ________ have led to agreements with foreign countries for these resources.